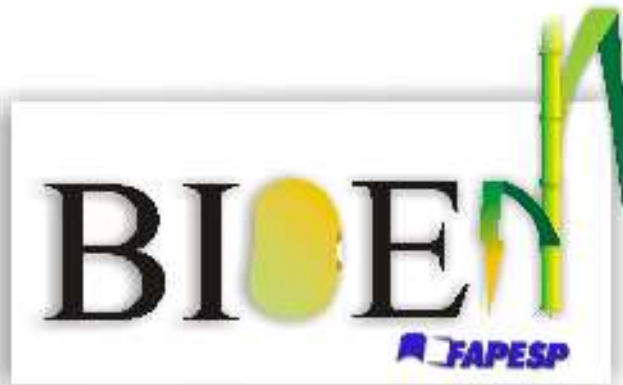




# FAPESP Bioenergy Research

## BIOEN



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Faculdade de Engenharia Química  
UNICAMP

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Instituto Agrônomo de Campinas

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Instituto de Biociências Universidade de São Paulo

**Andre Nassar**

ICONE



# Energy Crops: a new Green Revolution

## Designing crops for energy production

- High yield and fast growth crop
- Able to produce under short growing seasons
- Tolerant to periodic drought and low temperatures
- Low nutrient inputs requirements
- Relatively small energy inputs for growth and harvest
- Ability to grow in sub-prime agricultural lands
- Low cost of energy production from biomass
- Significantly positive energy balance
- Significant GHG reduction



**Total brazilian bioethanol production for 2010/11 is projected at 28.5 billion L**

**Total sugarcane production is estimated to be 664,33 million tons**

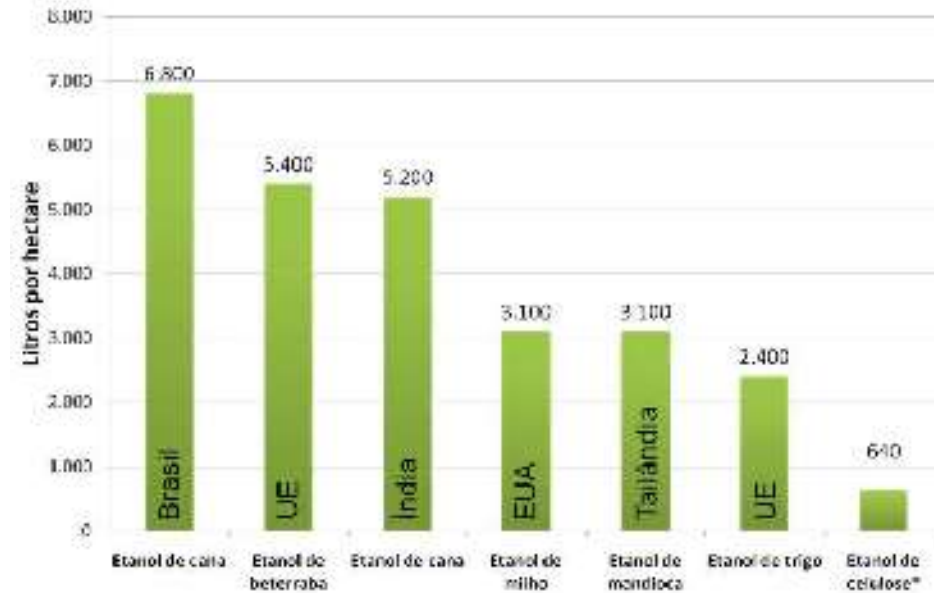


**664 million tons of sugarcane/year**

54,6% (362,8 million tons) for ethanol  
(20,14 billion L hydrated and 8,4 billion L anyhidride)

45,4% (301,6 million tons) for sugar (38,7 million tons)

405 plants of which 157 are exclusive to ethanol



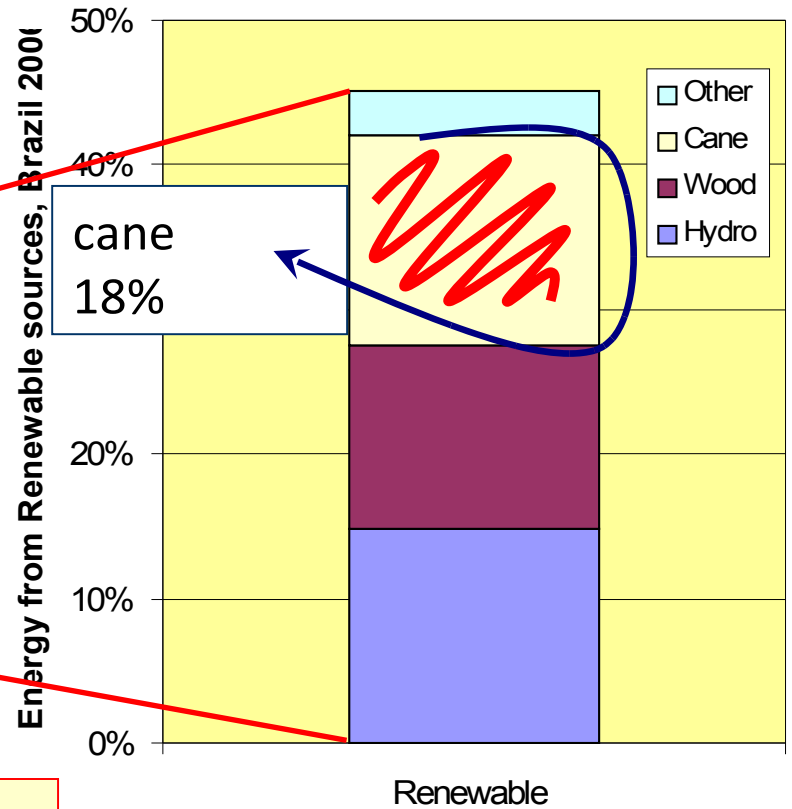
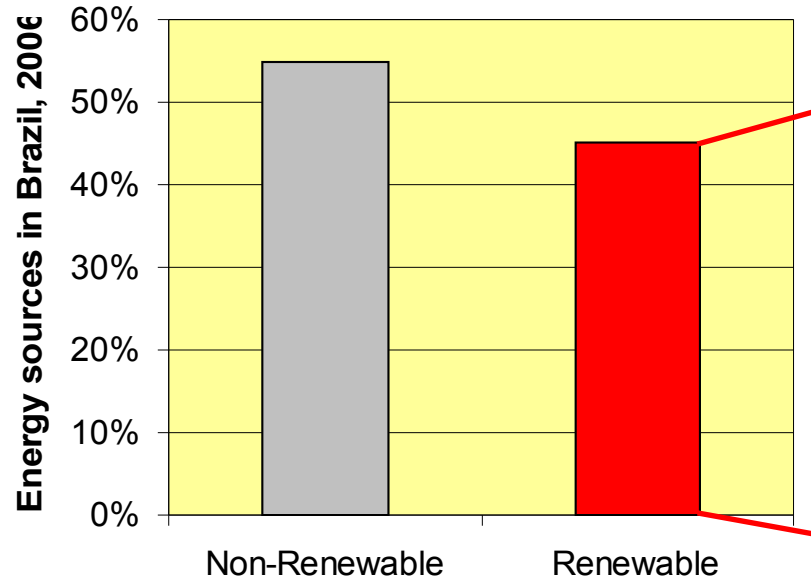
**Sugarcane is the highest tonnage crop**

**Fast growth**

In 12 months the plant will reach 4-5 meters with the extractable stems measuring 2-3 meter

**Large amount of carbon partitioned into sucrose**  
(up to 42% of the stalk dry weight)

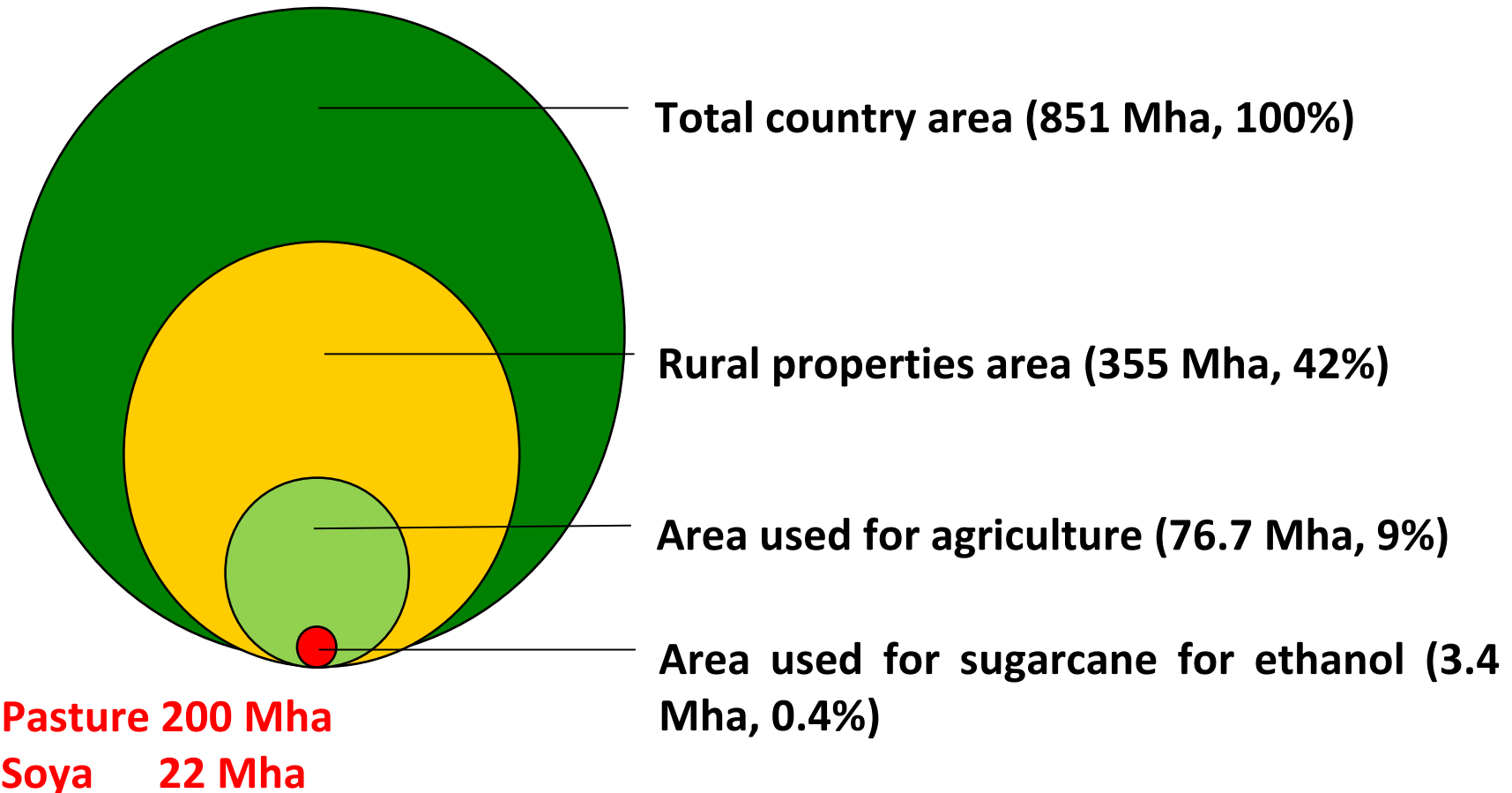
# 47% of Brazil's energy comes from renewable sources



Renewables in Brazil: 47%; World: 12%; OECD: 7.6%

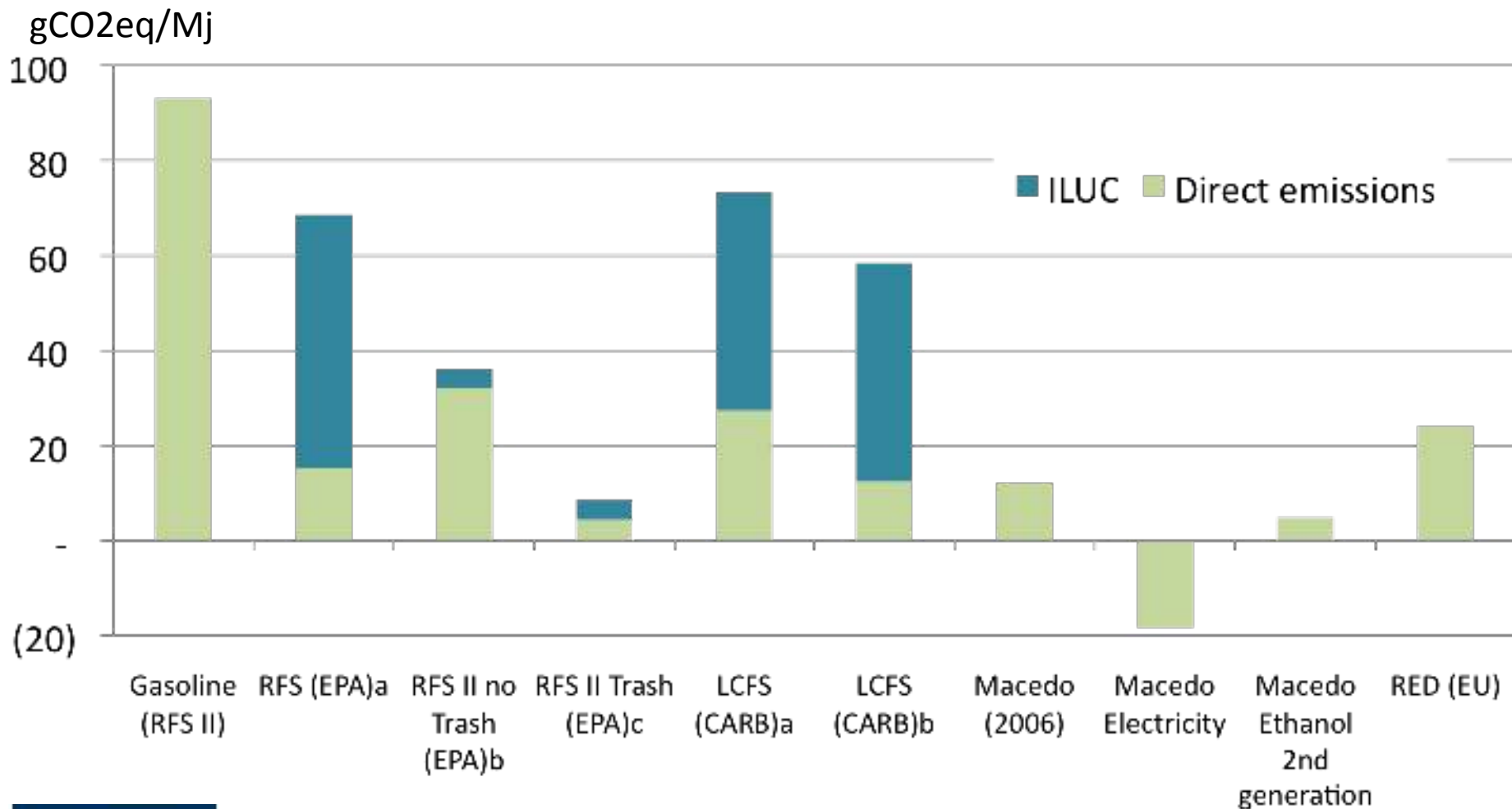
Source: MME-BEN (2007)

## Sugarcane for ethanol uses 2% of agricultural area



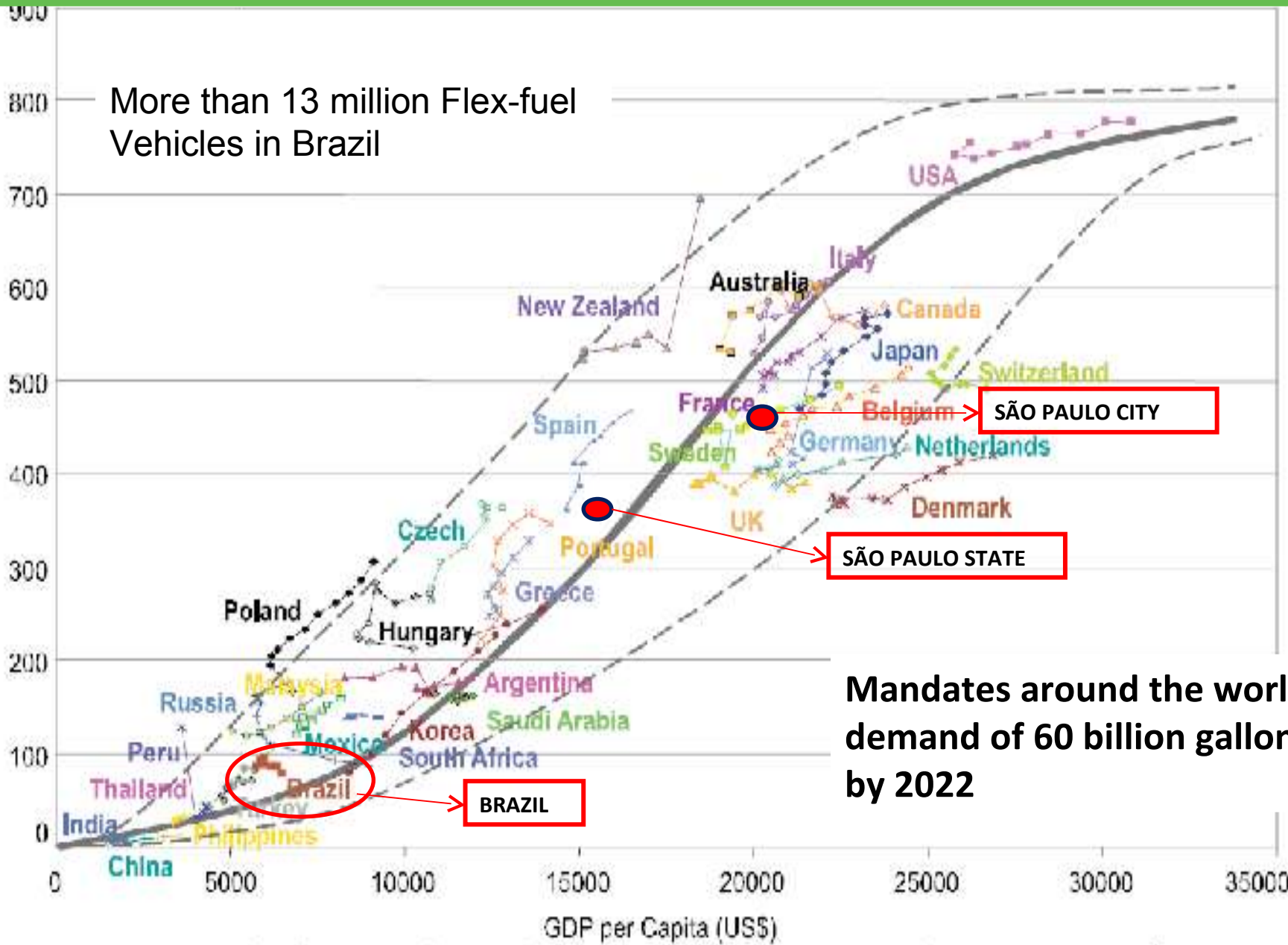
Source: Horta Nogueira e Seabra (2008)

# 80% reduction of GHG emissions using sugarcane ethanol





# Brazilian bioethanol demand: 50 billion L to substitute 45% of otto cycle cars by 2020



More than 13 million Flex-fuel Vehicles in Brazil

SÃO PAULO CITY

SÃO PAULO STATE

BRAZIL

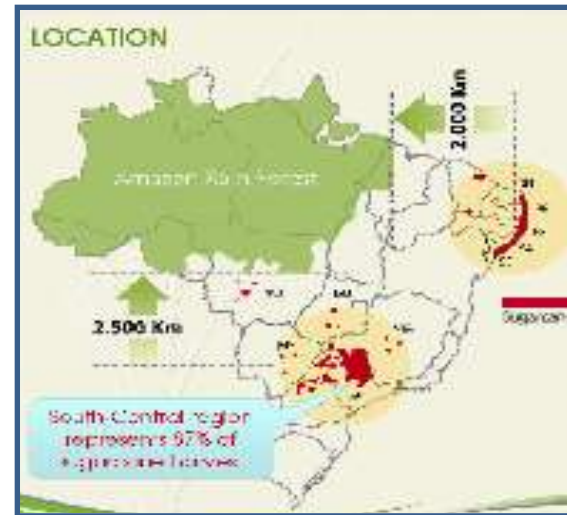
Mandates around the world: demand of 60 billion gallons by 2022

# Expanding sustainably

Southwest: dry winter

Marginal land, pastureland, and poor soils

- Drought resistance
- Crop breeding to new environments
- Revise nutritional needs and managing of fertilizers
- Recycle nutrients of crop and industry residues
- Land Use Change Models



South America

Central America

Africa: 0.43 GHa @ 10kL/Ha.yr

→ **4,300GL**

2050: Available land for biofuels  
(Doornbosch and Steenblik, 2007)





# FAPESP Bioenergy Research Program BIOEN

## Fundamental knowledge and new technologies for a bio-based society

- Academic Basic and Applied Research (US\$ 30 million)
  - 59 grants, 300 brazilian researchers, 61 foreign researchers from 12 countries
    - Regular, Theme and Young Investigator Awards
  - Open to foreign scientists who want to come to Brazil
- State of São Paulo Bioenergy Research Center (US\$ 90 million)
- International partnerships
  - United States, United Kingdom and The Netherlands
  - (Oak Ridge National Laboratories, UKRC, BBSRC, BE-Basic)
- Innovation Technology, Joint industry-university research (5 years) (US\$ 83 million)

Company	Subject	Value by industry
Oxiteno	Lignocellulosic materials	US\$ 3,000,000
Braskem	Alcohol-chemistry	US\$ 25,000,000
Dedini	Processes	US\$ 50,000,000
ETH	Agricultural practices	US\$ 5,000,000
Microsoft	Computational development	US\$ 500,000

# BIOEN DIVISIONS

## **BIOMASS**

**Contribute with knowledge and technologies for Sugarcane Improvement  
Enable a Systems Biology approach for Biofuel Crops**

## **BIOFUEL TECHNOLOGIES**

**Increasing productivity (amount of ethanol by sugarcane ton), energy saving, water saving and minimizing environmental impacts**

## **ENGINES**

**Flex-fuel engines with increased performance, durability and decreased consumption, pollutant emissions**

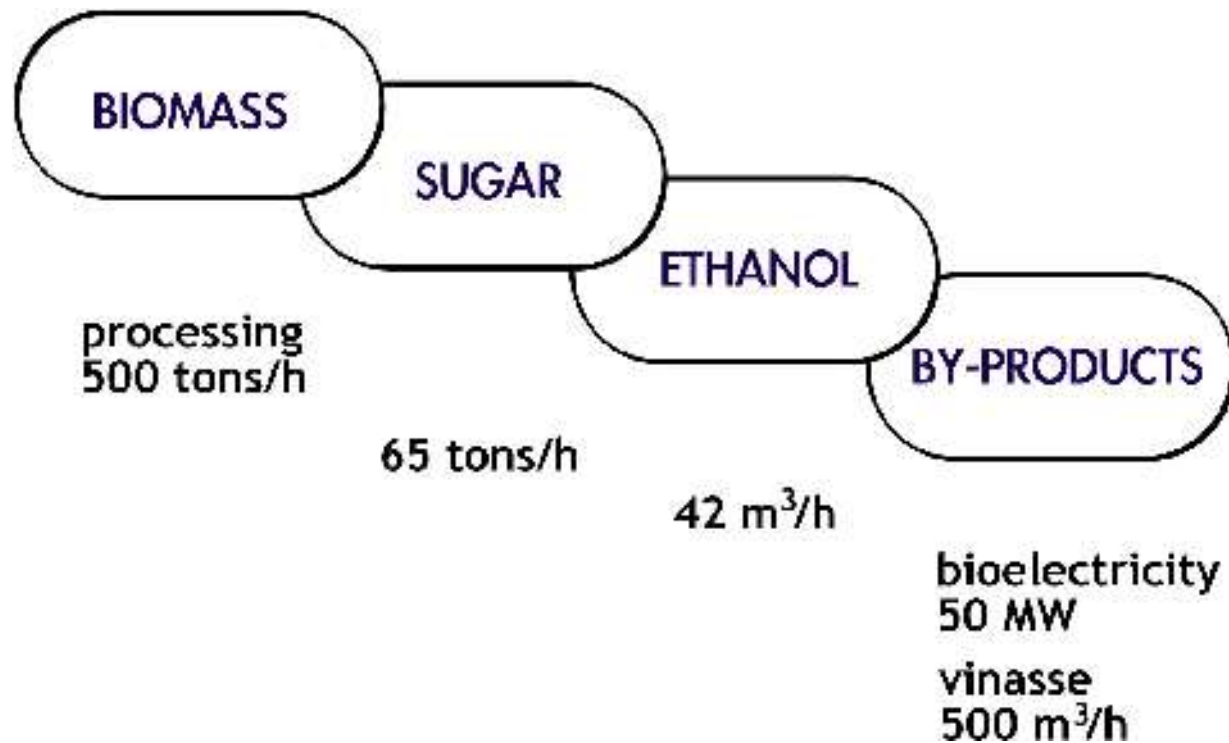
## **BIOREFINERY**

**Complete substitution of fossil fuel derived compounds  
Sugar chemistry, alcohol chemistry and oil chemistry for intermediate chemical production and as a petrochemistry substitute**

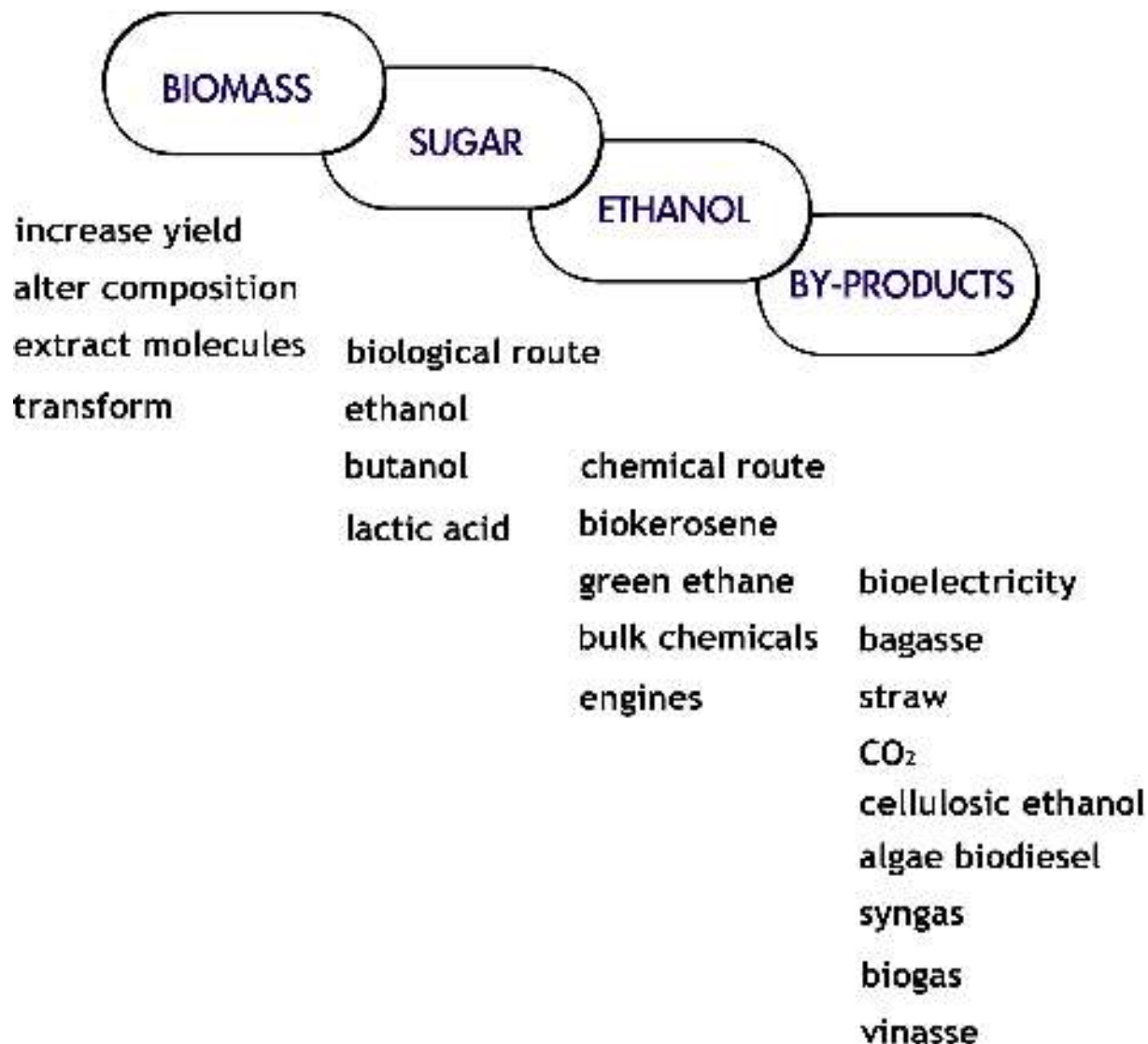
## **IMPACTS**

**Studies to consolidate sugarcane ethanol as the leading technology path to ethanol and derivatives production  
Social, economic and environmental impact studies**

# Sugarcane Agro-industry



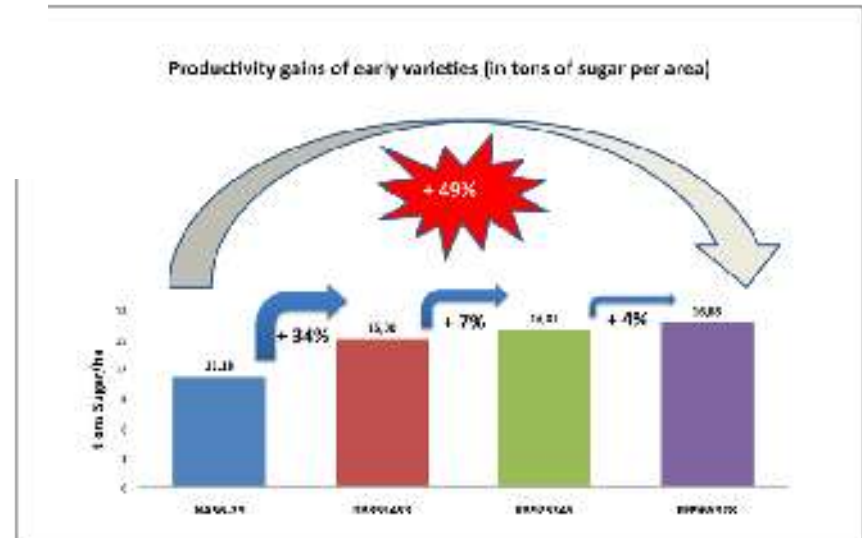
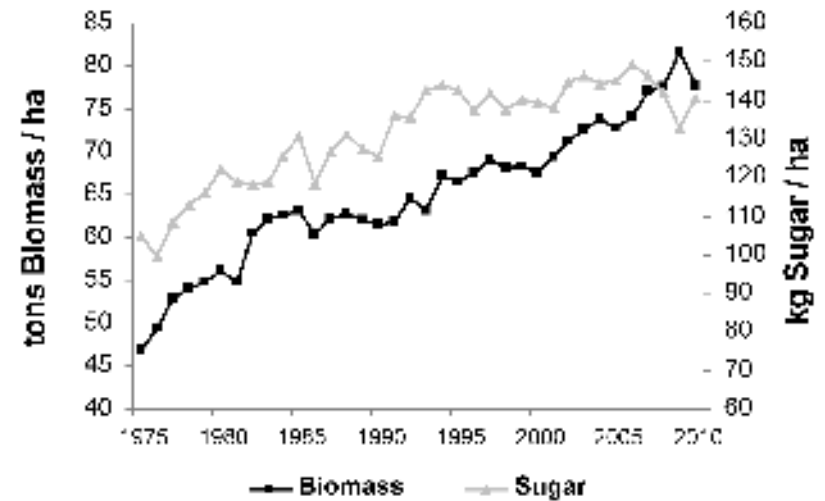
# Research to expand the industrial model



# Sugarcane: the highest tonnage crop

Type of yield	Cane yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> )	Biomass*	
		(t ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> )	(g m <sup>-2</sup> d <sup>-1</sup> )
Commercial Average	84	90	10.7
Commercial maximum	148	69	18.8
Experimental maximum	212	98	27.0
Theoretical maximum	381	177	48.5

**Theoretical maximum: 380 tons/ha**  
**Current average: 75 tons/ha**





# BIOMASS DIVISION



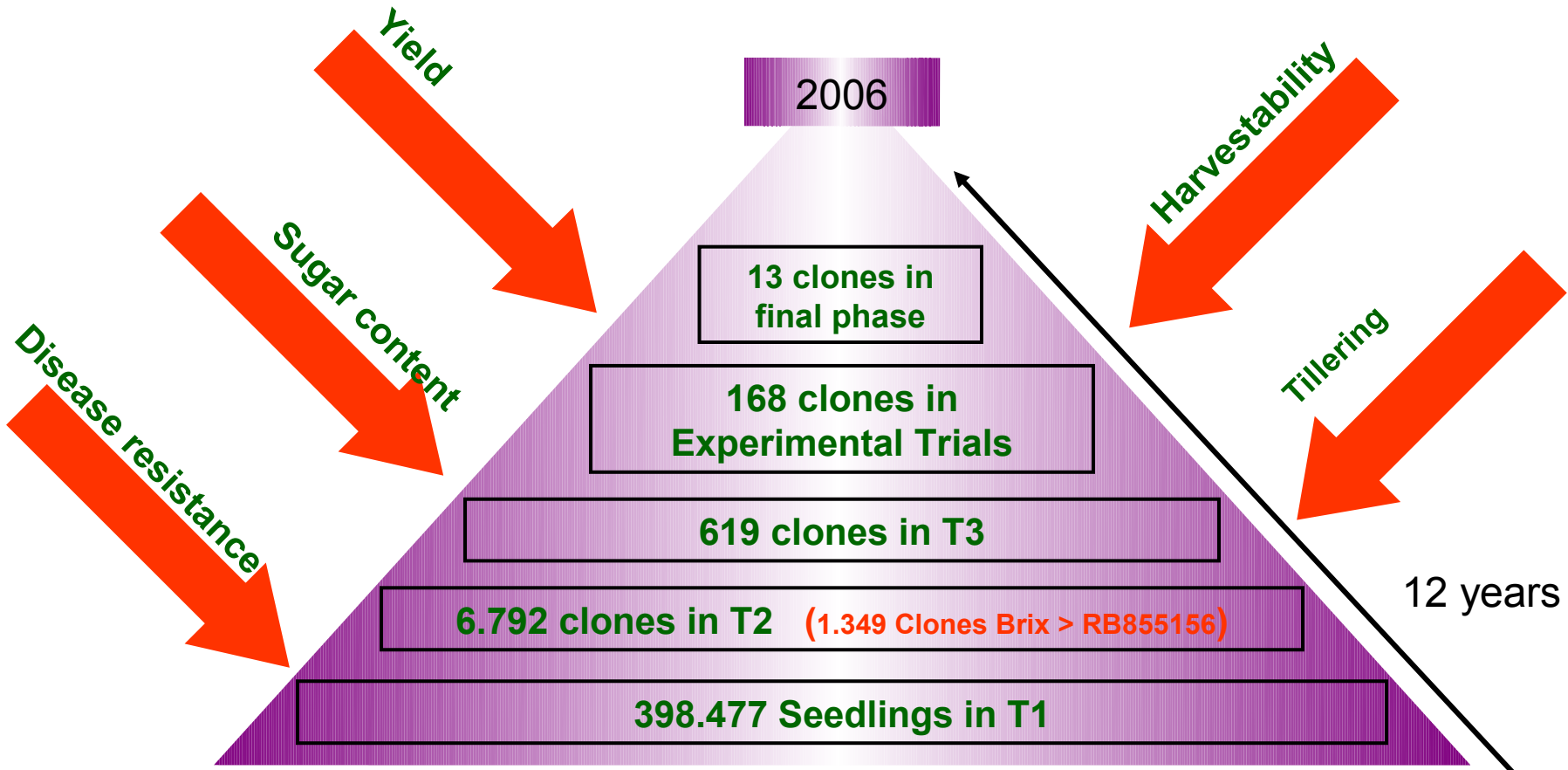
## Improvement of Biomass

*Agronomy, Breeding, Biotechnology*

*Identify new paths to genetically manipulate the energy metabolism of cultivated plants, creating new biofuel and bio-based chemical alternatives*

On average, one variety can be obtained for each 250 thousand seedlings

# New Varieties



**Total: 406,069 genotypes**

# Integrating efforts: <http://sucest-fun.org>

The screenshot displays the website [www.sucest-fun.org](http://sucest-fun.org) with a navigation menu and a central flowchart illustrating the research pipeline. The navigation menu includes: Home, Overview, News, Publications, Database & Tools, and Projects. The flowchart, titled "Integrating efforts", shows the following process:

```
graph TD; CG[Cultivars Genotypes] --> GS[Genome Sequence]; CG --> TG[Transcribed Genome]; CG --> TMM[Transcriptome Proteome Metabolome ChIP-Seq]; GS --> A[Assembly]; A --> GA[Gene Annotation]; TG --> SSS[SSAs, SNPs]; TMM --> SSS; TMM --> FD[Functional Data]; SSS --> M[Markers]; M --> GFM[Genetic Map, Functional Map]; GFM --> PSG[Polyploid statistical genetics]; PSG --> MAB[Molecular-assisted Breeding]; GA --> P[Promoters]; GA --> FD; P --> EV[Expression Vectors]; EV --> MPS[Model Plant Systems]; MPS --> TC[Transgenic Cane]; FD --> GT[Gene Targets]; GT --> TC; TC --> IS[Improved Sugarcane]; MAB --> IS;
```

The flowchart details the integration of genomic and transcriptomic data from cultivars to produce improved sugarcane. Key steps include genome assembly, gene annotation, identification of promoters and functional data, and the use of model plant systems and molecular-assisted breeding to achieve the final goal of improved sugarcane.

# BIOFUEL TECHNOLOGIES DIVISION



*Engineering, processing and equipment design*

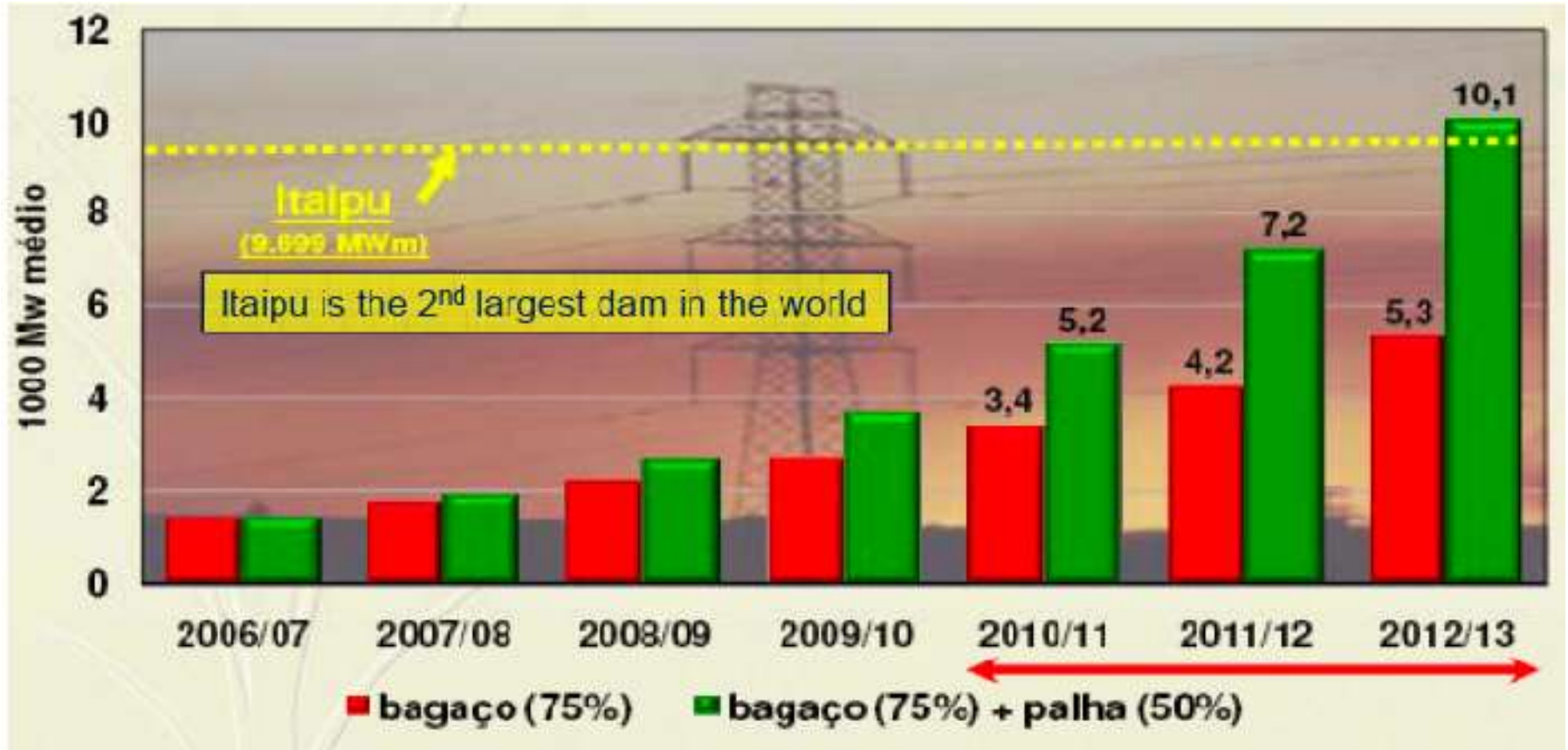
*Bottlenecks of biofuel production*

Sucrose to Butanol (extractive fermentation)

Ethanol to Biokerosene (new chemical route, high purity)

Cellulosic ethanol (lower solids and reduced incubation time)

# It is possible to have bagasse surplus to produce electricity and ethanol



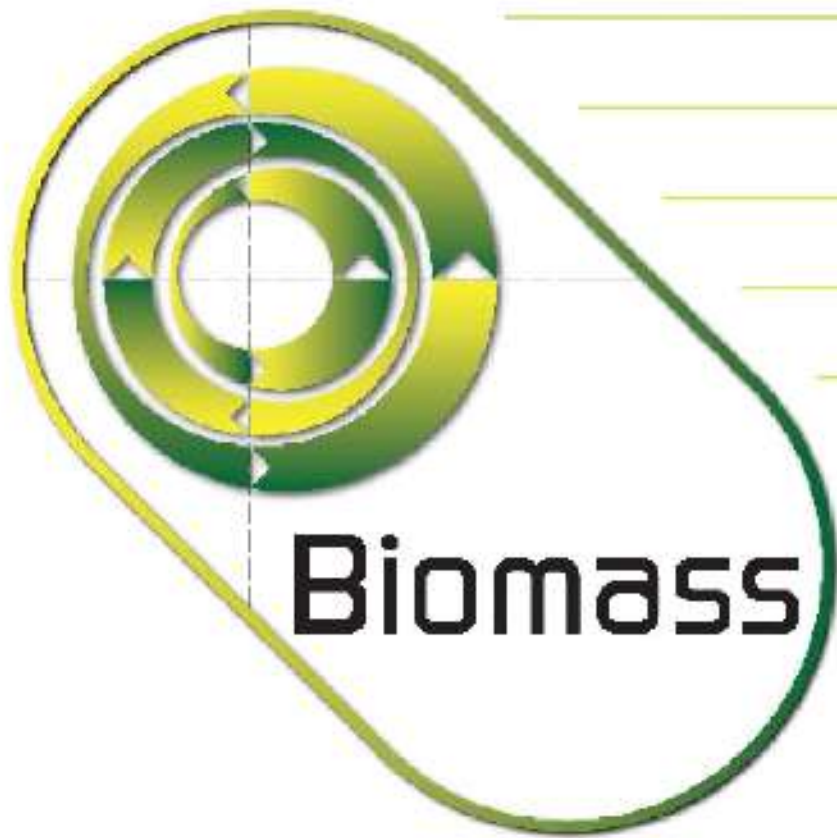
Co-generation in 2009/10 = 1.800 MW (3% of electricity matrix)

In 2020 = 14.000 MW (14% equals 1 Itaipu)

Investments of R\$ 45 billion until 2015 on Co-generation (boilers from 21 bar to 92 bar)







**Biomass**

**Biomass  
Systems and Synthetic Biology  
Center**

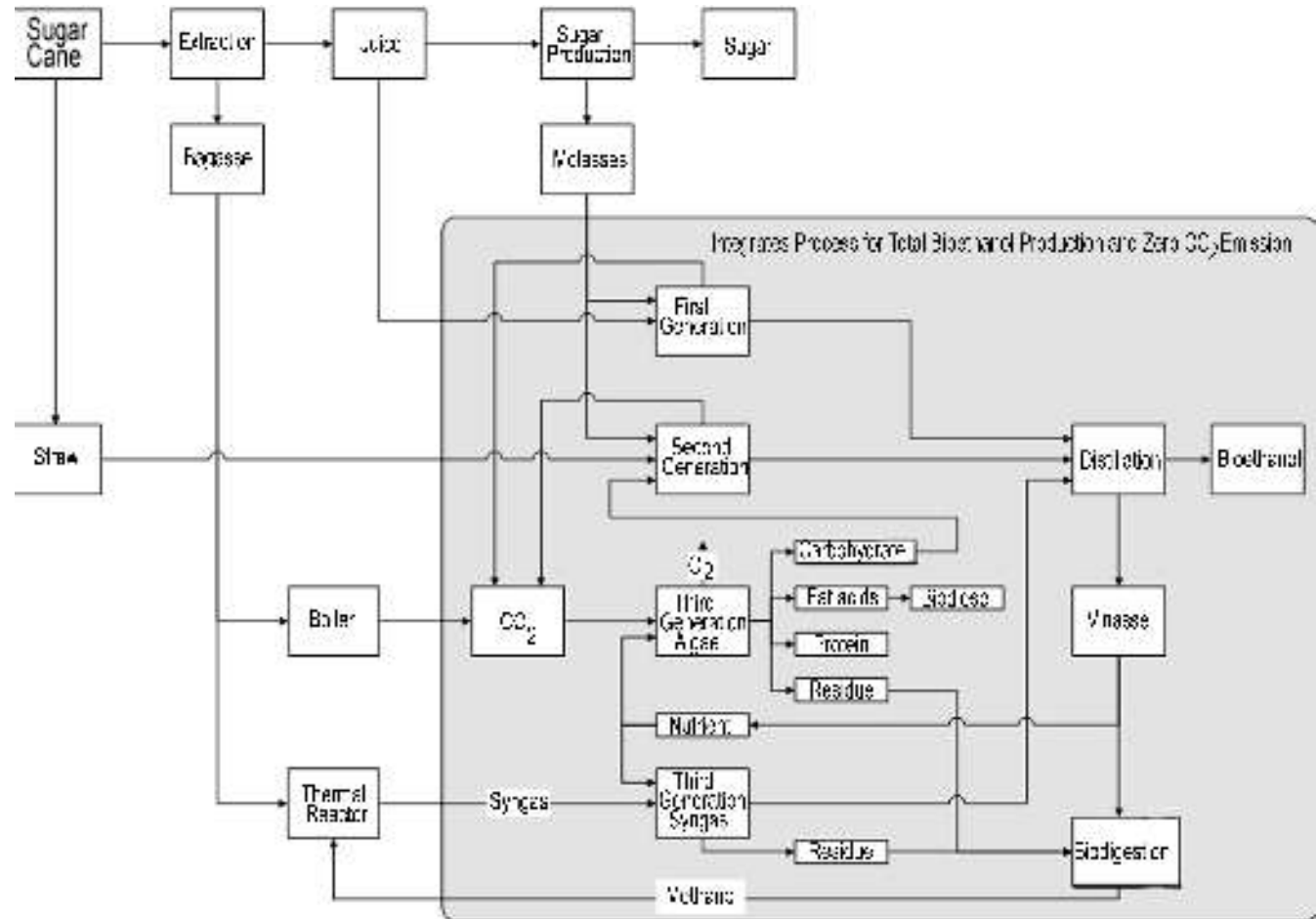
**Genome  
Transcriptome  
Proteome  
Metabolome  
Cell Machinery  
Metabolic Engineering  
Breeding  
Process Modeling  
Simulation  
Biorefinery  
Synthetic Chemistry  
Bioprospection  
Automation, Robotics  
Evolution of microorganisms  
Design of proteins  
Expression Systems**

**Institute of Chemistry  
Institute of Biosciences  
Institute of Mathematics and  
Statistics  
Institute of Biomedical Sciences  
Engineering School**

**State of São Paulo  
Bioenergy Research Center  
NAP Bioenergy and  
Sustainability  
University of São Paulo**

# The Bio: everything is coming from the farm

How do we get to zero carbon emissions?



# ENGINES DIVISION



Research to consolidate ethanol as the renewable substitute for gasoline on a short to medium term (10 to 20 years), with the evolution of internal combustion engines, and on a long term with fuel cells.

***Flex-fuel engines with increased performance, durability, less fuel consumption and less pollutant emissions***

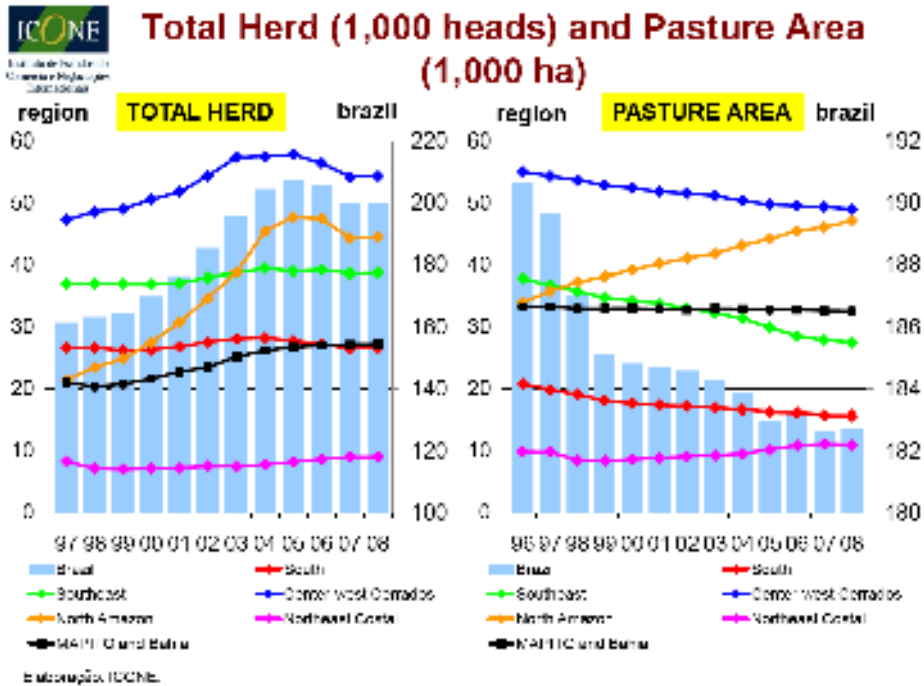
**Efficiency of a Flex-fuel Vehicle is 30%**

Design new more adequate fuels

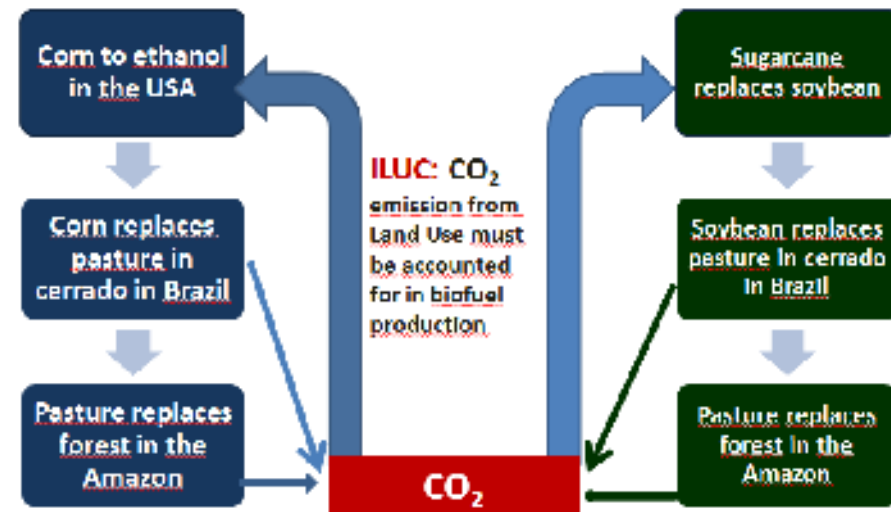
Cold-starting problem

Decrease fuel consumption and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

# Good for People, Planet and Profit



## Land Use Change (LUC/ILUC)



## Economic Model for Food vs. Fuel vs. Land vs. Biodiversity



# IMPACTS DIVISION



## *Ethanol as a global strategic fuel*

**Land use changes**  
**GHG emissions**  
**Biomass and soil carbon stocks**  
**Water use**  
**Biodiversity**  
**Regional income generation**  
**Job creation and migration**  
**Integrating tools**

**Studies to consolidate sugarcane ethanol as the leading technology path to ethanol and derivatives production**

Open Access  
 ScienceDirect  
 Plant Biotechnology  
 Journal

**Sugarcane improvement: how far can we go?**  
 Maximilian Del-Rancho<sup>1</sup>, Monella Barman-Camargo<sup>1</sup>,  
 Carlos Takashi Hotta<sup>1</sup>, Roberto Grassini-Chapoa<sup>2</sup>,  
 Hermann Paulo Koffman<sup>1</sup>, Antonio Augusto Franco Garcia<sup>3</sup> and  
 Glaucia Mendes Souza<sup>1</sup>

Plant Biotechnology  
 Journal

Open Access

Review article

**Sugarcane for bioenergy production: an assessment of yield and regulation of sucrose content**

Alessandra C. Kucharski<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Fabiana M. Sato<sup>1,2</sup>, Carolina G. Jansen<sup>1</sup>, Paul H. Bloom<sup>2</sup> and Glaucia M. Souza<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

RESEARCH ARTICLE

**Identification and expression analysis of microRNAs and targets in the biofuel crop sugarcane**

Chen Chen<sup>1</sup>, Xuyi Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Tianyi Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Jiahua Chen<sup>1</sup>, Haijun Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Huihui Zhang<sup>1</sup>,  
 Qian Zhang<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**Development of the Sugarcane Transcription Core and the Sugarcane Transcription Core and the Sugarcane Transcription Core**

Genus	Sugarcane
Species	Sugarcane
Accession	Sugarcane
Version	Sugarcane
Release	Sugarcane
Accession	Sugarcane
Version	Sugarcane
Release	Sugarcane

Open Access

**Genetic diversity of sugarcane (Saccharum officinarum L.) in Brazil**

Antonio de Marco Neto<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>,  
 Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>,  
 Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**The Biorefinery Roadmap for Sugarcane Improvement**

Guillermo H. de Ochoa-Gonzalez<sup>1</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>,  
 Guilherme H. de Ochoa-Gonzalez<sup>1</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>,  
 Guilherme H. de Ochoa-Gonzalez<sup>1</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**BMC Genomics**

**Sugarcane genes associated with sucrose content**

Ilana S. Pappas<sup>1,2,3</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>,  
 Ilana S. Pappas<sup>1,2,3</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>,  
 Ilana S. Pappas<sup>1,2,3</sup>, David B. Borchert<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Z. S. Santos<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**Characterization of new polymorphic functional markers for sugarcane**

André Luiz de Oliveira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>,  
 Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>, Maria das Graças Pereira<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**SHORT REPORT**

**Functional markers for gene mapping and genetic diversity studies in sugarcane**

Thiago C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>,  
 Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>

Open Access

**Bioproduction of ethanol from sugarcane: comparison between different pretreatment methods**

Marcelo C. A. de Sá<sup>1</sup>, Mariana Pereira da Costa<sup>1</sup>,  
 Rafael Maria Filho<sup>1</sup>, Ricardo Pereira<sup>1</sup>,  
 Charles H. F. Junior<sup>1</sup>, Carlos E. M. R. Junior<sup>1</sup>

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**Production of Lactic Acid from Sucrose: Strain Selection, Fermentation, and Kinetic Modeling**

Betania H. Lunelli<sup>1</sup>, Rafael R. Andrade<sup>1</sup>,  
 David L. P. Atala<sup>1</sup>, Maria Regina Wolf Maciel<sup>1</sup>,  
 Francisco Mangari Filho<sup>1</sup>, Roberto Maciel Filho<sup>1</sup>

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**Bioproduction of Butanol in Bioreactors: New Insights From Simultaneous In Situ Butanol Recovery to Eliminate Product Toxicity**

Thiago C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>,  
 Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>

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**BIOEN**

JAPESP

**Biofuels and land-use changes: searching for the top model**

Thiago C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>,  
 Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>, Thais C. Horta<sup>1</sup>

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**nature**

Volume 474 | Issue 7352 | Outlook | Article

Perspective: Lessons from Brazil

Marcia Morais

Article 474, 826 (22 June 2011) | doi:10.1038/474826a

Published online 22 June 2011

<http://bioenfapesp.org>